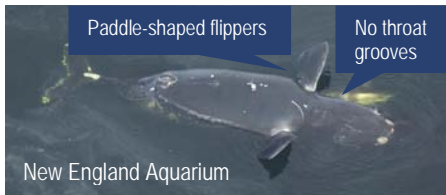




## NOAA FISHERIES SERVICE



### Who Should You Call?

US Coast Guard Ch. 16

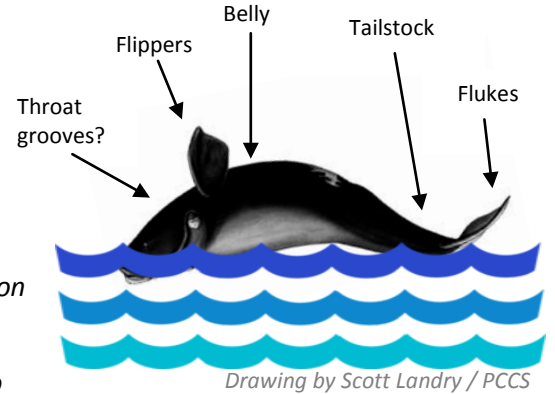
or

866-755-NOAA (VA – ME)

877-WHALE-HELP (FL – NC)

## Report a Dead Whale

Please help NOAA collect vital information by documenting and reporting these critical sightings. Dead whales typically float belly up and can be very difficult to identify. Closely examine the carcass for signs of injury. Video or photos are extremely valuable, especially close-ups of tailstock, flukes, flippers, and injuries.



### What Information Should You Report?

1. Your name, vessel name, and contact information
2. Date, time, and location of sighting (latitude and longitude if possible)
3. A detailed description of the whale:
  - How many feet long is the whale (use size of boat for comparison)?
  - Can you tell whether the whale has a dorsal fin or a smooth back?
  - What color is the whale? What color, shape, and length are flippers?
  - What color and shape are the tail flukes? Are the edges ragged-looking or smooth? Are there barnacles attached?
  - Does it have bumps on its head? If so, what color are they?
  - Do you see throat grooves (under the mouth extending to the belly)?
  - Are there signs of injury?
  - Are there lines or pieces of gear? If so, give specific information (buoys and line colors, buoy numbers, etc.). Do not attempt to remove gear!
  - Give specific info on key body parts (both flippers, tail, and mouth)



## NOAA FISHERIES SERVICE



Tim Cole / NOAA



Lisa Conger / NOAA

### Who Should You Call?

U.S. Coast Guard VHF Ch. 16

or

Virginia to Maine:

866-755-NOAA

Florida to North Carolina:

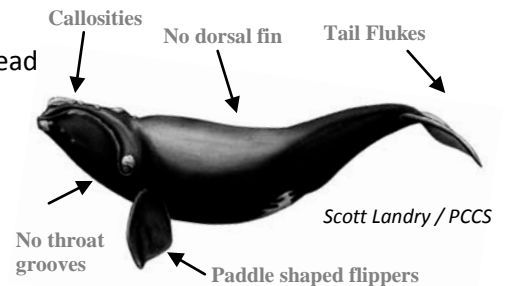
877-WHALE-HELP

## Report a Right Whale Sighting

Please help us collect this vital information. Less than 500 right whales remain and their survival is threatened by ship strike and entanglement in fishing gear. Reporting sightings helps to save this endangered species by alerting mariners to their presence.

### Is it a North Atlantic Right Whale?

- White patches (callosities) on head
- Distinctive v-shaped blow
- Smooth edges on tail flukes
- Paddle shaped black flippers
- No dorsal fin
- Black robust body



### What Information Should You Report?



Eric Matzen / NOAA

- Your name and contact information
- Date and time of the sighting
- Where were you (i.e., vessel, land)
- Location (latitude and longitude if possible)
- Number of whales sighted
- Any behavior observed
- Are you sure it was a right whale?
- Describe what you saw in detail

### Is the Whale Dead, Injured, or Entangled in Fishing Gear?

If possible, keep a dead or injured whale in sight and report immediately. Do not attempt to remove gear! There is a team of experts who disentangle whales. Take photos or video if possible, and report this additional information:

- Do you see a visible spout during exhale?
- Do the flukes come out of the water on a deep dive?
- Does it have a dorsal fin? What color and shape are the flippers?
- Does it have bumps on its head and what color are they?
- How long is the whale (how many feet? Compared to size of boat?)
- Do you see throat grooves (under the mouth extending to the belly)?
- If entangled, is the whale free swimming or anchored?
- Give specific info on key body parts (both flippers, tail, and mouth) and any gear observed (buoys and line colors, buoy numbers, etc.)

**Federal regulations prohibit approaching right whales within 500 yards (1500 feet).**